

### **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

GEOGRAPHY
Paper 2
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 60

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2016 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

® IGCSE is the registered trademark of Cambridge International Examinations.

This syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.



Syllabus

Paper

[1]

		Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0460	22
(a)	(i)	R/regional,		[1]
	(ii)	county boundary, (allow border and country)		[1]
	(iii)	coniferous/plantation,		[1]
	(iv)	63(m), If more than one answer and one is wrong = 0		[1]
(b)	dis	persed,		[1]
(c)	(i)	366 348 = 2, 365 348 = 1,		[2]
	(ii)	5050-5300(m)		[1]
(d)	rive cas ber ger	d junction/route centre, (many roads lead to = 1, good road connection for water or any stated use, (allow transport but not fishing) the for defence, and in river for defence, at least the slopes, (fairly flat etc. = 1) the slopes is the slopes, (fairly flat etc. = 1) the slopes is the slope point, the slopes is the slope is t	ns = 1)	[2]
( <b>e</b> )	to s	outh west,		[1]
(f)	(i)	river 52–55mm from left hand margin,		[1]
	(ii)	south facing valley side 4–54mm from left hand margin,		[1]
	(iii)	road 21–24mm from left hand margin, Use the ruler device to measure the answers. Arrows should end within about 1cm of the profile. Measure to the poprojects to. There should be no ambiguity. If there is more than one response and one is wrong, or if a range is out of tolerance, then do not credit.		

Mark Scheme

Page 2

Allow labels by names or question numbers.

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0460	22

#### (g) Relief:

high/hilly/hills/upland/mountain,

steep slopes/scarp,

concave slopes,

narrow/small/V-shaped valley(s),

many valleys, (many small valleys = 2)

spurs,

(highest point) 721m,

low(er) in north west,

ridge,

#### **Drainage:**

small rivers/small streams/small tributaries, (allow small affluents) many rivers/streams/high drainage density, (many small rivers = 2, "several" = 0) radial/description of radial/flow outwards from summit/3 given directions, dendritic located, (e.g. in SE/in N/ in 3030/in 2932) intermittent streams, waterfall.

Max 4 for either relief or drainage.

Mark whole answer as one.

[6]

#### 2 (a) input = capital,

process = marketing,

output = waste products/capital, (do not credit capital twice)

[3]

#### (b) (i) in several/most/many/every continents,

mostly northern hemisphere,

many in MEDCs

many in Europe,

many in China/Asia, (allow S/SE/E Asia)

3/same/similar number in India,

3/same/similar number/few(er) in Africa,

1 in UK,

few in Australia,

[2]

#### (ii) T in Australia (or Oceania) VW not/T in every continent VW not,

T in Japan VW not,

VW more in Europe/T fewer in Europe,

VW more in South/Central America/T fewer,

T more in North America (or USA)/VW fewer,

VW more in southern Africa,

T in northern Africa VW not,

T more in Asia/VW less, (allow S/SE/E Asia)

VW more clustered/T less, (not within a single area)

T mainly Asia VW mainly Europe,

All points need to be comparative.

[2]

### (c) tariffs/import duties,

access to markets, (not just more trade/business) skilled/adaptable/cheap labour,

P	age 4	4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0460	22
		site	vernment incentives/tax breaks, e factors (in host country, e.g. cheap land etc.), es transport costs,		[1]
3	(a)	thii em ba str pa ba she bro lux recorded	I trees/long trunks, In trunks/stems/trees, Interpents, I trees/long trunks/leaves at top, I trees/long trunks/leaves at top, I trees/long trunks, I trunks, I long trunks/leaves at top, I long trunks, I long trunks/leaves at top, I long trunks/leaves at top, I long trunks/leaves/leav	,	[6]
	(b)	(i)	drain water from surface of leaf/get rid of excess moisture,		[1]
		(ii)	for maximum/much/increased/large area for transpiration/photosynterms wanted)	thesis, (nam	nes of [1]
4	(a)		rrect plot of 50 per thousand at 8–9mm, (almost same as Brong Ahaf ading not needed.	<del>-</del> (0)	[1]
	(b)	no so ea ce	ost/much to Greater Accra, rth losing population/from north, uth/SE/SW gaining population/to south/SE/SW, (movement from nort st losing population/from east, ntre/west gaining population/to centre/west, and regions losing population/from inland,	th to south =	= 2) [3]

(c) (i) from every region, (allow "countries")

most/many from closer/south regions, most/many from Eastern/Ashanti/Volta/Central,

few(er) from more distant/north regions, few(er) from Upper West/Upper East,

[2]

(ii) cheaper/easy travel (from south)/hard/expensive to travel from north, more familiar,

higher population in south/lower population in north, have relatives,

[1]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0460	22

(d) for work/working population, to bring wages/remittances, for education,

[1]

### 5 (a) shallow focus

[1]

(b) (i) very variable/large variation/many versus few/some years many/much more, 0–227 898, 0–thousands,

[1]

(ii) some areas more densely populated,

some areas better prepared/more warning/receive more aid/rescue services, different building types/earthquake proof buildings,

time of day,

some in oceans,

some coastal and liable to tsunami,

Comparative comment not needed.

[2]

### (c) Description

most/many in Asia, (allow S/SE/E Asia) 3/many in Japan,

3/4/many in Indonesia,

1 in south America.

1 in China,

1/2 in Pacific Ocean,

any two of Eurasian/Australian/Pacific plates/edge of any one of Eurasian/Australian/Pacific plate (as location of a plate margin),

Reasons (allow these points if referring to a single boundary) plate boundaries,

convergent/destructive/where plates collide/move towards each other, (don't allow reference to conservative boundaries to spoil)

subduction/plates sink,

build up/release of pressure/stress/tension/friction,

Reserve one mark for each of description and reasons.

[4]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0460	22

# 6 (a) (i) irrigation,

deforestation,

drainage,

using areas of bush/natural vegetation,

terracing,

[2]

### (ii) more fertiliser,

improved crop varieties,

improved methods of cultivation/harvesting,

Allow mechanisation once under either heading.

[2]

## (b) Valley sides:

steep,

natural vegetation/unused/not used for agriculture/barren/scrub/bushes/shrubs,

## Valley floor:

flat/gentle,

cultivated/fields/plantation/houses/trees/farms/crops/agriculture/vineyard,

Within each of the two sections allow marks to score anywhere.

[4]